

Presentation for ASSBT Albuquerque, New Mexico 2011

# Nitrogen Use Management In Sugar Beet Culture As Related To Soil Type As Well As Timing Of Application

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# Our Approach

 N use requirement = lbs. N needed per projected tons of beets which will be grown.

## Three determinations

- 1) Can N use rate be refined down from 8 lbs. N per ton of beets produced ?
- 2) Can N use rate be refined basis of soil type ?
- 3) Does soil type significantly affect the proper timing of N application relevant to rate ?

## What we thought we knew

- Carry over amounts of N need to be accounted for down to 3 foot soil depth at least, as well as all other potential N inputs, i.e. N mineralization.
- Soil type affects the amount of N which can be mineralized in season.
- Because of differences in mineralization potential in soil types as well as soil mechanics differences, timing of N applications could be critical.

# How we determine

- Account for carry over N amounts by adequately soil sampling.
- Use past years cropping history to determine yield potential.
- Use the proper multiplier (lbs. N per projected tons expected to be grown) to determine crop requirement of N.
- Subtract carry over N from N use requirement to determine additional application need.

# Carry over N in soil

Account for carry over N amounts by adequately soil sampling.

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1<sup>st</sup> foot- 10 ppm +

2<sup>nd</sup> foot- 12 ppm +

3<sup>rd</sup> foot- \frac{8 \text{ ppm}}{30 \text{ ppm}} \times 4 = 120 \text{ lbs. N}
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# 3-5 years cropping history

Tons previously produced

- Don't use a years history which was irregular due to weather or disease problems.
- If sugars or brei nitrates were low and high respectively, N inputs were too high.
  Use 8 lbs. or lower X average tons = cropping requirement.

### How it looks

Average T/A =  $32 \times 8$  lbs./ton = 256 lbs. N (-) Carry over N = 30 ppm x 4 = 120 lbs. N (=) Additional N to apply 136 lbs. N

# Which is it?

 N use requirement = lbs. N needed per projected tons of beets which will be grown.

Average T/A = 32 x 8 lbs./ton = 256 lbs. N Or is it 6 lbs./ton = 192 lbs. N ? Or is it 5 lbs./ton = 160 lbs. N ?

## What we wanted to know

- Because different soil types have different potentials for mineralization could we better regulate our management of N input on that basis ?
- By how much would soil type change the multiplier by which we gage lbs. N use required per ton produced ?

# Over a 3 year period

- Looked at silt loam soils at 4 sites.
- Looked at sandy loam soils at 3 sites.
- Looked at clay loam soils at 2 sites.





























Nitrogen Use Rate Study- Silt Loam Soils									
Two years, 2008-'0	Two years, 2008-'09 Three Locations								
Treatment	Root Yield (T/A)	Sugar Content (%)	Nitrate Content (ppm)	Conductivity (mmhos)					
Five Lbs Nitrogen	36.06	17.85	56	0.601					
Six Lbs Nitrogen	37.19	17.85	57	0.601					
Seven Lbs Nitrogen	36.04	17.57	79	0.621					
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	37.08	17.29	101	0.645					
LSD (0.05)	ns	0.36	19	0.025					
LSD (0.1)	ns	0.30	16	0.021					
CV (%)	6.0	3.0	36.8	6.0					
PR > F	0.2049	0.0151	0.0001	0.0009					
Grand Mean	36.59	17.63	74	0.618					
Five Lbs Nitrogen		а	а	а					
Six Lbs Nitrogen		а	а	а					
Seven Lbs Nitrogen		ab	b	ab					
Eight Lbs Nitrogen		b	С	b					

Nitrogen Use F Two years, 2008-'(	Rate Study- )9 Thre	Silt Loam S e Locations	Soils			_	
Treatment	Recov. Sugar Ibs/ton	Recov. Sugar Ibs/acre	Gross \$ per ton	Gross \$ per acre	Net \$ per acre		
Five Lbs Nitrogen	310.9	11186	\$ 49.24	\$ 1,770.00	\$ 1,680.00	avg.	differ.
Six Lbs Nitrogen	310.9	11557	\$ 49.23	\$ 1,830.00	\$ 1,729.00	\$ 1,704.50	\$72.00
Seven Lbs Nitrogen	304.9	10983	\$ 48.27	\$ 1,739.00	\$ 1,632.00	avg.	
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	298.8	11062	\$ 47.30	\$ 1,751.00	\$ 1,633.00	\$ 1,632.50	
LSD (0.05)	7.0	ns	1.24	ns	ns		
LSD (0.1)	5.8	ns	1.03	ns	65		
CV (%)	3.3	6.7	3.7	6.7	6.8		
PR > F	0.0044	0.1650	0.0152	0.1688	0.0762		
Grand Mean	306.2	11190	\$ 48.48	\$ 1,771.00	\$ 1,667.00		
Five Lbs Nitrogen	а		а		ab		
Six Lbs Nitrogen	а		а		а		
Seven Lbs Nitrogen	ab		ab		b		
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	b		b		b		



### Nitrogen Usage per ton- Sandy Loam soil- K. Bowen Farm 2009

Lbs. N per	over-all lbs.	tons/acre	actual lbs. N		based on	\$25.80 nets	
projected	N available	actual	used per ton	ERS	ERS	value \$	value \$
ton yield	per acre	yield	of yield	per ton	per acre	per ton	per acre
8	242.3	27.6	8.8	275.7	7635.7	\$ 41.42	\$1,148.06
7	212.3	28.6	7.4	280.0	8011.0	\$ 42.16	\$1,206.24
6	181.8	24.3	7.5	277.3	6759.3	\$ 41.59	\$1,014.30
5	151.6	20.7	7.3	276.2	5709.6	\$ 35.49	\$ 733.48

Nitrogen Us	age Trial-	Sandy Loam	Soil, 2009, C	Jones Farr	n		
Lbs. N per	over-all lbs.	tons/acre	actual lbs. N		based on \$	25.80 nets	
projected	N available	actual	used per ton	ERS	ERS	value \$	value \$
ton yield	per acre	yield	of yield	per ton	per acre	per ton	per acre
8	250.5	35.33	7.1	304.1	10735.2	\$ 48.28	\$1,705.37
7	219.1	34.31	6.4	297.9	10177.4	\$ 47.17	\$1,611.80
6	188.7	33.04	5.7	302.6	10027.1	\$ 47.94	\$1,589.40
5	184.8	34.95	5.3	305.7	10675.7	\$ 48.60	\$1,697.10

### Nitrogen Use Rate- Sandy Loam Soil, Jerome location 2010

Lbs. N per	over-all lbs.	tons/acre	actual lbs. N	based on \$26.11 nett			
projected	N available	actual	used per ton	ERS	ERS	value \$	value \$
ton yield	per acre	yield	of yield	per ton	per acre	per ton	per acre
0	157.7	38.29	4.1	253.8	9717.3	\$ 42.37	\$1,622.40
4	161.2	38.35	4.2	253.8	9733.6	\$ 42.03	\$1,611.69
6	213.4	39.81	5.4	255.1	10154.6	\$ 42.37	\$1,686.81
8	285.4	41.31	6.9	256.3	10589.3	\$ 42.72	\$1,764.65
11	392.8	39.87	9.9	253.0	10085.3	\$ 42.03	\$1,675.57

#### SAND Y LOAM SOIL, K. BOWEN SITE, 2009

Treatment	Root Yield (T/A)	Sugar %	Nitrate ppm	conduc. Mmhs
Five Lbs Nitrogen	20.67	15.62	49	0.452
Six Lbs Nitrogen	24.29	15.62	55	0.432
Seven Lbs Nitrogen	28.59	15.78	59	0.44
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	27.64	15.57	60	0.448
LSD (0.05)	2.70	NS	NS	NS
LSD (0.1)	2.22	NS	NS	NS
CV (%)	8.7	3.8	41.9	8.8
PR > F	0.0001	0.9271	0.8397	0.8107
Grand Mean	25.30	15.65	56	0.443

- Five Lbs NitrogencSix Lbs NitrogenbSeven Lbs NitrogenaEight Lbs Nitrogena

- 2

#### SANDY LOAM SOIL, K. BOWEN, 2009

Recov.	Recov.	Gross \$	Gross \$
Sugar	Sugar	per ton	per acre
lbs / ton	lbs /	value	value
276.5	5729	\$ 41.59	\$ 861.00
277.3	6759	\$ 41.59	\$1,014.00
280	8011	\$ 42.16	\$1,206.00
275.7	7636	\$ 41.42	\$1,148.00
NS	895	NS	138
NS	736	NS	114
4.3	10.3	4.9	10.6
0.9258	0.0003	0.9270	0.0004
277.4	7034	41.69	1057

С	С
b	b
а	a
ab	ab

Driscoll Farms,	Nitrogen	Rate Study,	2010
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	Root	Sugar	Nitrate	Cond	Recov.	Recov.	Groce ¢	Groce ¢	Net Per
Treatment	Yield	Content	Content	Mmhs	Sugar	Sugar	Dor ton	GIUSS Ø	Acre
	(T/A)	(%)	(ppm)		lbs/ton	lbs/acre		per acre	(Dollars)
Eleven Lbs Nitrogen	39.87	15.55	548	1.020	252.1	10052	\$ 41.85	\$ 1,669	\$ 1,507
Four Lbs Nitrogen	38.35	15.63	412	1.000	254.5	9742	\$ 42.14	\$ 1,613	\$ 1,517
Six Lbs Nitrogen	39.81	15.68	412	1.007	255.0	10134	\$ 42.31	\$ 1,682	\$ 1,565
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	41.31	15.75	542	1.023	255.4	10548	\$ 42.55	\$ 1,757	\$ 1,618
LSD (0.05)	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
LSD (0.1)	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
CV (%)	4.9	4.0	31.4	7.6	5.2	6.3	5.1	6.3	6.7
PR > F	0.1169	0.9532	0.2395	0.9445	0.9734	0.2294	0.9531	0.1814	0.2686
Grand Mean	39.84	15.65	479	1.013	254.3	10119	42.21	1680	1552

#### N USE RATE, CLAY SOIL, B. BOWEN SITE, 2010

Treatment	Root Yield (T/A)	Sugar Content (%)	Nitrate Content (ppm)	Conductivity (mmhos)	Recoverable Sugar (lbs/T)
Four Lbs Nitrogen	31.57	18.40	67	0.766	313.0
Six Lbs Nitrogen	32.30	18.10	110	0.810	305.5
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	32.48	17.78	161	0.882	296.6
Eleven Lbs Nitrogen	33.44	17.12	289	0.967	281.2
LSD (0.05)	NS	0.36	71	0.066	9.1
LSD (0.1)	NS	0.30	58	0.055	7.5
CV (%)	4.3	1.6	34.6	6.1	2.4
PR > F	0.2088	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Grand Mean	32.49	17.82	161	0.860	298.5
Four Lbs Nitrogen		а	а	а	а
Six Lbs Nitrogen		ab	ab	а	ab
Eight Lbs Nitrogen		b	b	b	b
Eleven Lbs Nitrogen		С	С	С	С

### N USE RATE, CLAY SOIL, B. BOWEN 2010

Recoverable Sugar (lbs/A)	Gross \$ per Ton	Gross \$ per Acre	Net \$ per Acre		
9879	51.71	\$ 1,632.00	\$ 1,553.00	avg. 4 & 6	
9866	50.67	\$ 1,636.00	\$ 1,538.00	\$ 1,545.50	differ.
9629	49.58	\$ 1,610.00	\$ 1,494.00	avg. 8 & 11	\$ 80.50
9394	47.27	\$ 1,580.00	\$ 1,436.00	\$ 1,465.00	
NS	1.26	NS	NS		-
NS	1.03	NS	NS		
4.7	2.0	4.4	4.6		
0.2730	0.0001	0.5395	0.2359		
9684	49.72	1614	1503		

a ab

b

С

Nitrogen Use Rate Trial- Clay Loam Soil- Big D Ranch, 2010									
Treatment	Root Yield (T/A)	Sugar Content (%)	Nitrate Content (ppm)	Conductivity (mmhos)	Recoverable Sugar (lbs/T)	Recoverable Sugar (lbs/A)	Gross Per Ton (Dollars)	Gross Per Acre (Dollars)	Net Per Acre (Dollars)
Four Lbs Nitrogen	38.85	16.72	82	0.590	291.0	11296	\$ 45.90	\$1,781.00	\$ 1,684.00
Six Lbs Nitrogen	38.42	16.62	85	0.592	289.1	11096	\$ 45.55	\$ 1,749.00	\$ 1,633.00
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	39.72	16.16	128	0.644	278.6	11059	\$ 43.96	\$ 1,745.00	\$ 1,605.00
Eleven Lbs Nitrogen	39.50	16.14	178	0.650	278.1	10989	\$ 43.89	\$ 1,734.00	\$ 1,566.00
LSD (0.05)	ns	ns	63	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
LSD (0.1)	ns	ns	52	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
CV (%)	7.2	3.2	38.8	7.5	3.9	6.8	4.0	6.8	7.0
PR > F	0.8790	0.2167	0.0195	0.1166	0.1878	0.9262	0.2169	0.9307	0.4382
Grand Mean	39.12	16.41	118	0.619	284.2	11110	\$ 44.83	\$1,752.00	\$ 1,622.00

79.00

Four Lbs Nitrogen Six Lbs Nitrogen Eight Lbs Nitrogen Eleven Lbs Nitrogen



Treatment	Root Yield (T/A)	Sugar Content (%)	Nitrate Content (ppm)	Conductivity (mmhos)	Recoverable Sugar (lbs/T)
Four Lbs Nitrogen	35.21	17.56	75	0.678	302.0
Six Lbs Nitrogen	35.08	17.43	98	0.711	298.1
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	35.77	17.05	146	0.774	288.4
Eleven Lbs Nitrogen	36.19	16.67	238	0.823	279.8
LSD (0.05)	ns	0.36	49	0.055	8.4
LSD (0.1)	ns	0.30	41	0.046	7.0
CV (%)	6.1	2.4	39.5	8.3	3.3
PR > F	0.4366	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001
Grand Mean	35.57	17.17	141	0.748	291.8

#### N USE RATE, CLAY SOIL- COMBINED DATA TWO SITES- 2010

Four Lbs Nitrogen	а	а	а	а
Six Lbs Nitrogen	а	ab	а	а
Eight Lbs Nitrogen	b	b	b	b
Eleven Lbs Nitrogen	с	С	b	С

N USE RATE, CLAY SOIL- COMBINED DATA 2010							
Recoverab	Gross Per	Gross Per	Net Per				
le Sugar	Ton	Acre	Acre				
(lbs/A)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)				
10588	48.80	1707	1619	\$ 74.00			
10425	48.34	1687	1581				
10279	47.02	1671	1545				
10119	45.73	1650	1495				
ns	1.25	ns	80				
ns	1.04	ns	66				
5.9	3.0	5.7	5.8				
0.5604	0.0001	0.7359	0.0455				
10347	47.44	1678	1558				

а	а
а	а
b	ab
C	b

Compariso	on of proje	cted lbs. N/	ton produc	ced to actu	al Ibs. N/ to	on produce	d
Silt Loam		0	4 or 5	6	7	8	11
2008	Hansen		4.3	4.9	5.7	6.7	
2008	Trail Rnch		4.6	5.8	6.1	7.1	
2009	Trail Rnch		5.7	6.6	7.6	8.2	
2010	Trail Rnch	3	5.4	8.1		9.8	13.6
-							
Sandy loam	า	0	4 or 5	6	7	8	11
2009	Jones		5.3	5.7	6.4	7.1	
2009	K. Bowen		7.3	7.5	7.4	8.8	
2010	Driscoll	4.1	4.2	5.4		6.9	9.9
<b>0</b>					_		
Clay loam		0	4 or 5	6	7	8	11
2010	B. Bowen	3.2	4.6	5.8		8.6	10.4
2010	Big D	3.9	4.2	5.7		6.5	9.6

Does soil type significantly affect the proper timing of N application ?

# Timing of N application

- Between 2009 -2010 looked at 6 sites; 6 trials dealing with time of N application
- Used a low rate and higher rate of N input
- Timing of N applications were:
  - 1) At short after planting.
  - 2) 60 % of N input short after planting and the remainder, 40 %, between 4-6 true leaf development.

# What happened?

Making N inputs **up-front** or **split** applying 60-40 % between up-front and 4-6 true leaves of development <u>made little</u> <u>difference in silt and clay loam soils.</u>

The lower rate of N input was always better.

### Sandy loam soils

- Timing of application favored the 60-40 % split, but only at the LSD (0.1) level.
- Quality factors showed no difference relevant to timing statistically.
- Only very slight interaction between rate and time.

# Thank you

